Certificate Of Analysis



Client: Laboratory:

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Sample Identification

Sample Name DSIP 5mg Batch Number GF082025025 Date Published 2025-10-12 19:03

Results for Lyo-0126

Analysis of Peptide Identity,	Reporting	
Content and Purity	Result Unit	Uncertainty Limit
DSIP Assay Peptide Screening	5.07 mg	[± 0.03]
DSIP Identification by RT Peptide Screening	0.999	[± 0.005]
DSIP Identification by spectrum Peptide Screening	992	[± 20]
DSIP Purity Peptide Screening	99.58 %	[± 0.44]

Bioburden	Result	Unit	Reporting Uncertainty Limit	
Total Aerobic Microbial Count USP <61> Plate Count Method	Not detected	CFU/g	>= 1000	A
Total Yeast and Mold Count USP <61> Plate Count Method	Not detected	CFU/g	>= 100	Δ

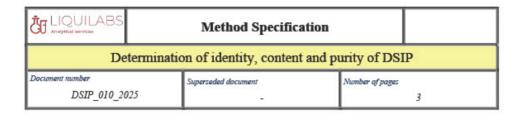
Endotoxin Analysis	Result Unit	Reporting Uncertainty Limit	
Bacterial Endotoxin USP<85> Bacterial Endotoxin Chromgenic Test	< 0.001 EU/m	ng > 0.5	Δ

Heavy Metals	Result	Unit	Uncertainty	Reporting Limit	
Arsenic Elemental Impurities Screening	Not detected	ppm		>= 1.5	Δ
Cadmium Elemental Impurities Screening	Not detected	ppm		>= 0.5	Δ
Cobalt Elemental Impurities Screening	Not detected	ppm		>= 25	Δ
Lead Elemental Impurities Screening	Not detected	ppm		>= 1.5	Δ

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Heavy Metals	Result	Unit	Reporting Uncertainty Limit	
Nickel Elemental Impurities Screening	Not detected	ppm	>= 25	Δ
Quicksilver Elemental Impurities Screening	Not detected	ppm	>= 1.5	Δ
Vanadium Elemental Impurities Screening	Not detected	ppm	>= 25	Δ

Attachments for Lyo-0126



1. Content and Purity Assesment

1.1. Instrumentation

Module	Name	Serial Number
System Controller	Shimadzu SCL-10ADvp	C21014112659
Degassing Unit	Shimadzu DGU-14A	NA
Pump A	Shimadzu LC-10ADvp	C20964130075
Pump B	Shimadzu LC-10ADvp	C20953770781
Autosampler	Shimadzu SIL-10ADvp	C21054109114
Colum Thermostat	Shimadzu CTO-10ACvp	C21033770144
Detector	Shimadzu SPD-10ADvp	C20994233588

1.2. Chromatographic conditions

Eluent A	0.1% TFA in Water (HPLC, Gradient Grade)
Eluent B	0.1% TFA in Acetonitrile (HPLC, Gradient Grade)
Flow rate	0.4 mL/min
Program	Gradient elution
Injection volume	0.5 µL
Colum Temperature	60°C
Column	Phenomenex Biozen Peptide Polar C18, 150x2.1mm 3µm
Detection wavelenght	280nm

Gradient P	rogram	
Time [min]	A [%]	B [%]
1	95	5
19	40	60
20	5	95
24	5	95
25	95	5
33	end	

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Attachment for Lyo-0126

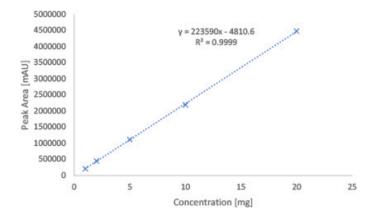
Filename: 1760291478489-13a2bc23-8d3e-4632-8315-a08fc64c0fb5 1.jpg

1.3. Sample preparation

Whole amount of container was dissolved in 2mL of water (HPLC, Gradient Grade). Aliquote part of $1\ mL$ was dispensed into HPLC vial for analysis.

1.4. Calibration curve

Calibration curve	detail
Quantitative method	External Standard
Calibration Type	Linear
Number of calibration points	5
Force through Zero	Disabled
Weighting Method	None



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Attachment for Lyo-0126

Filename: 1760291478489-13a2bc23-8d3e-4632-8315-a08fc64c0fb5_2.jpg

2. Purity assessment

2.1 Instrumentation

Module	Name	Serial Number
System Controller	Shimadzu SCL-10ADvp	C21014112659
Degassing Unit	Shimadzu DGU-14A	NA
Pump A	Shimadzu LC-10ADvp	C20964130075
Pump B	Shimadzu LC-10ADvp	C20953770781
Autosampler	Shimadzu SIL-10ADvp	C21054109114
Colum Thermostat	Shimadzu CTO-10ACvp	C21033770144
Detector	Shimadzu SPD-10ADvp	C20994233588

2.2 Chromatographic conditions

Chromatographic condit	
Eluent A	0.1% TFA in Water (HPLC, Gradient Grade)
Eluent B	0.1% TFA in Acetonitrile (HPLC, Gradient Grade)
Flow rate	0.4 mL/min
Program	Gradient elution
Injection volume	0.5 µL
Colum Temperature	60°C
Column	Phenomenex Biozen Peptide Polar C18, 150x2.1mm 3µm
Detection wavelenght	214nm

Gradient P	rogram	
Time [min]	A [%]	B [%]
1	95	5
19	40	60
20	5	95
24	5	95
25	95	5
33	e	nd

2.3 Sample preparation

Whole amount of container was dissolved in 2mL of water (HPLC, Gradient Grade). Aliquote part of 1 mL was dispensed into HPLC vial for analysis.

2.4 Purity assesment

Purity of compound assessed by area normalization method, comparing area of each peak to sum of area of all peaks detected at wavelength of $214~\mathrm{nm}$.

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Attachment for Lyo-0126

Filename: 1760291478489-13a2bc23-8d3e-4632-8315-a08fc64c0fb5_3.jpg

Analysis Report

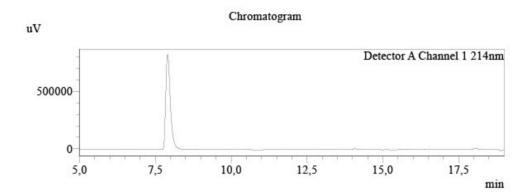


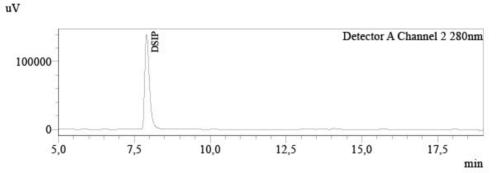
Sample Information

Injection Volume Data File Method File

: 0,5 : LYO-0126-P01__013.lcd : Peptide screening_V10_Group A.lcm : 06.10.2025 6:36:52

Date Acquired

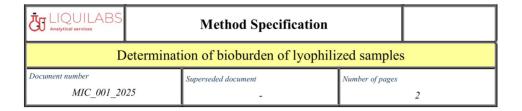




Detector A Chann	el 1 214nm	Peak Table			
Peak#	Name	Ret. Time	Conc.	Unit	Area%
1	5-20-75-5-4	7,902	0.000	1000 PER 100	99,585
2		8,655	0,000		0.415
Total					100,000

	P	eak Table		
Detector A	A Channel 2 280nm			
Peak#	Name	Ret. Time	Conc.	Unit
1	DSIP	7,902	5,068	mg
Total				

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1. Instrumentation and chemicals

1.1. Instruments used

- Sterile Syringe 2mL Luer
- Sterile needles
- Ready made PCA Plate ROTI Aquatest
- Ready made Sab4 Plate ROTI Aquatest

1.2. Chemicals

Sterile physiological solution (0.9% NaCl)

2. Sample preparation and innoculation

2.1 Sample preparation

- Fresh sterile needle and syringe was used for measuring exactly 2 mL of sterile physiological solution.
- Needle was changed and by new needle rubber top of peptide containter was penetrated and 2 mL of sterile physiological solution was dispensed.
 Content of container was completely dissolved and left for 5 minutes to settle potentially created
- Content of container was completely dissolved and left for 5 minutes to settle potentially created bubbles.
- 4. This procedure is repeated for two vials.

2.2 Total Aerobic microbial count innoculation and cultivation

- 1. By sterile needle 1 mL of solution was filled into the sterile syringe.
- 2. Needle was placed above the flame for few seconds to sterilze.
- Consequently 1 mL of solution was poured into the ready to use sterile petri dish filled with PCA agar and petri dish was closed.
- 4. Proces was repeated for two petri dishes.
- With sterile needle, 1 mL of sterile physiological solution was filled into the sterile needle and was innoculated onto one sterile petri dish filled with PCA agar as negative control sample.
- 6. Samples and negative control sample were placed in incubator at temperature 37°C for 120h.

Attachment for Lyo-0126 Filename: Bioburden-images-0.jpg

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2.3 Total Yeast and Mold count innoculation and cultivation

- 1. By sterile needle 1 mL of solution was filled into the sterile syringe.
- 2. Needle was placed above the flame for few seconds to sterilze.
- Consequently 1 mL of solution was poured into the ready to use sterile petri dish filled with Sab4 agar and petri dish was closed.
- 4. Proces was repeated for two petri dishes.
- With sterile needle, 1 mL of sterile physiological solution was filled into the sterile needle and was innoculated onto one sterile petri dish filled with Sab4 agar as negative control sample.
- 6. Samples and negative control sample were placed in incubator at temperature 25°C for 72h.

3. Evaluation of results

After incubation time, colonies are counted as cfu (colonies forming units) and result per 1g of sample is determined as:

$$CFU_{avg} = \frac{\sum CFU_n}{n}$$

 $CFU_{avg} = average \ CFU \ counted \ form \ n \ innoculations$ $CFU_n = CFU \ counted \ per \ innoculation$ $n = number \ of \ innoculations$

$$CFU \ per \ gram = \frac{CFU_{avg}}{m_s}*DF$$

$$CFU_{avg} = Average \ CFU \ counted \ from \ n \ innoculations$$

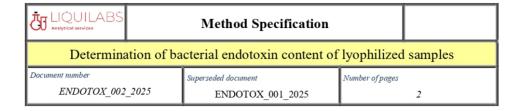
$$m_s = mass \ of \ sample \ (mg)$$

$$DF = Dilution \ factor$$

If negative control sample is evaluated as positive, process have to be repeated due to possible contamination in the process of innoculation or incubation.

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Attachment for Lyo-0126 Filename: Bioburden-images-1.jpg



1. Chromgenic LAL Assay Determination of Bacterial Endotoxin content of sample

1.1. Instrumentation

- Pipette set 1-1000 μL
- · Termostatically controlled water bath
- UV VIS spectrometer (Shimadzu UV-1601)
- · GenScript ToxinSensor Chromgenic LAL Endotoxin Assay kit

1.2. Chemicals

- LAL Reagent water (endotoxin free)
- Limulus Amoebocyte Lysate
- LAL Substrate
- Color Stabilizer #1
- Color Stabilizer #2
- Color Stabilizer #3
- 35% HCl (p.a.)

1.3. Sample preparation

- 1. Sample container was weighed prior to dissolution and measured weight was marked.
- 2. Sample was completely dissolved in its container by 2 mL of LAL Reagent water.
- 3. $100 \mu L$ of the sample was aliquoted for analysis.
- After analysis container was emptied and dried.
- 5. Dry mass of container was measured and exact weight of dissolved content was determined as:

 $m_{dc} = m_{sample} - m_{container}$

1.4. Toxin sensor Chromgenic LAL Endotoxin Assay kit preparation

Procedures regarding preparation of reaction solutions possible to find in:

https://www.genscript.com/site2/document/5292_20080806231827.PDF

Attachment for Lyo-0126

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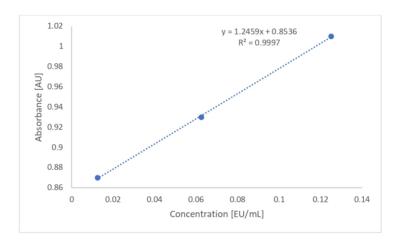
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1.5. Measurement procedure

	Standards	Samples	Blank				
Standards (mL)	0.1	-	-				
Samples (mL)	-	0.1	-				
LAL Reagent Water (mL)	-	-	0.1				
LAL Solution (mL)	0.1	0.1	0.1				
Mix well and incubate at 37°C for 27 min							
Substrate solution (mL)	0.1	0.1	0.1				
Mix well and incubate at 37°C for 6 min							
Color Stabilizer #1 solution	0.5	0.5	0.5				
Color Stabilizer #2 solution	0.5	0.5	0.5				
Color Stabilizer #3 solution	0.5	0.5	0.5				
Mix well and read the absorbance at 545nm							

1.6. Calibration curve



1.7. Calculation of endotoxin content

Endotoxin content of the sample was calculated from the calibration curve as:

$$Endotox[EU/mg] = \frac{\left(\frac{ABS_{sample}}{S_{calib}}\right) * 20}{m_{sample}}$$

 $ABS_{sample} = Measured \ absorbance \ of \ sample$ $S_{calib} = Slope \ of \ calibration \ curve$ $m_{sample} = real \ measured \ mass \ of \ sample$ $20 = dilution \ factor \ of \ measured \ sample$

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Attachment for Lyo-0126

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Responsibles

Gel barig

Mr. Ján Galbavý Founder/Manager

Analysis results relate only to the samples tested.

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