

# Certificate of Analysis

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## Sample Identification

**Sample Name** PNC-27 30 mg  
**Batch Number** GF-PNC27-B241  
**Date Published** 2026-06-22 17:36

## Results for LYO-0243

| Peptides  | Result  | Unit  | Uncertainty | Acceptable Range |
|---|---------|-------|-------------|------------------|
| PNC-27 Assay<br>Peptide Screening 0.1% TFA  | 32.3    | mg    | [± 0.2]     |                  |
| PNC-27 Purity<br>Peptide Screening 0.1% TFA   | 99.4    | %     | [± 0.5]     |                  |
| PNC-27 Identification by Spectrum<br>Peptide Screening 0.1% TFA                                 | 993     |       | [± 5]       |                  |
| PNC-27 Identification by RT<br>Peptide Screening 0.1% TFA                                       | 0.997   |       | [± 0.005]   |                  |
| Microbiology  | Result  | Unit  | Uncertainty | Acceptable Range |
| Bacterial Endotoxin Chromgenic<br>USP<85>/ Eur. Ph. 2.6.14. Bacterial Endotoxin Chromgenic Test | 0.002   | EU/mg | [± 0]       | 0 - 0.5          |
| Elemental Impurities  | Result  | Unit  | Uncertainty | Acceptable Range |
| Arsenic<br>Elemental Impurities screening USP (232) / Ph. Eur. 5.20 / 2.4.20                    | < 0.001 | ppm   |             | 0 - 1.5          |
| Cadmium<br>Elemental Impurities screening USP (232) / Ph. Eur. 5.20 / 2.4.20                    | < 0.001 | ppm   |             | 0 - 0.5          |
| Quicksilver<br>Elemental Impurities screening USP (232) / Ph. Eur. 5.20 / 2.4.20                | < 0.001 | ppm   |             | 0 - 1.5          |
| Lead<br>Elemental Impurities screening USP (232) / Ph. Eur. 5.20 / 2.4.20                       | < 0.001 | ppm   |             | 0 - 1.5          |
| Nickel<br>Elemental Impurities screening USP (232) / Ph. Eur. 5.20 / 2.4.20                     | < 0.001 | ppm   |             | 0 - 25           |
| Vanadium<br>Elemental Impurities screening USP (232) / Ph. Eur. 5.20 / 2.4.20                   | < 0.001 | ppm   |             | 0 - 25           |
| Cobalt<br>Elemental Impurities screening USP (232) / Ph. Eur. 5.20 / 2.4.20                     | < 0.001 | ppm   |             | 0 - 25           |
| Mass Spectrometry   | Result  | Unit  | Uncertainty | Acceptable Range |
| Molecular Ion Mass Identification (MS Deconvolution)<br>Mass Spectrometry Identity              | 4031    | Da    | [± 1]       |                  |

|   |                                 |                             |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  | <b>Method Specification</b>     |                             |
| <b>Determination of identity, content and purity of PNC-27</b>                    |                                 |                             |
| <i>Document number</i><br>PNC_006_2026  | <i>Superseded document</i><br>- | <i>Number of pages</i><br>4 |

## 1. Content Assessment

### 1.1. Instrumentation

| Module            | Name                 | Serial Number |
|-------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| System Controller | Shimadzu CBM-40 Lite | L221226351398 |
| Degassing Unit    | Shimadzu DGU-403     | NA            |
| Pump              | Shimadzu LC-40B XR   | L22146350580  |
| Autosampler       | Shimadzu SIL-40C XR  | L22216351622  |
| Colum Thermostat  | Shimadzu CTO-40S     | L22236351602  |
| PDA Detector      | Shimadzu SPD-M40     | L22276352808  |
| SQ MS Detector    | Shimadzu LCMS-2050   | O12476200760  |

### 1.2. Chromatographic conditions

| Chromatographic conditions |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Eluent A                   | 0.05% TFA in Water (HPLC, Gradient Grade)          |
| Eluent B                   | 0.0425% TFA in Acetonitrile (HPLC, Gradient Grade) |
| Flow rate                  | 0.9 mL/min   |
| Program                    | Gradient elution                                   |
| Injection volume           | 2 µL   |
| Colum Temperature          | 55°C   |
| Column                     | Waters XSelect CSH C18, 100x2.1mm 2.5µm            |
| Detection wavelength       | 280nm  |

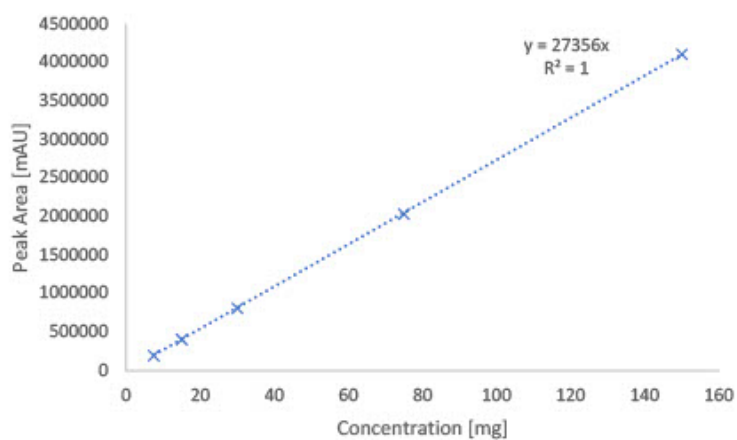
| Gradient Program |       |       |
|------------------|-------|-------|
| Time [min]       | A [%] | B [%] |
| 1.5              | 95    | 5     |
| 13               | 45    | 55    |
| 13.5             | 1     | 99    |
| 14.5             | 1     | 99    |
| 14.51            | 95    | 5     |
| 16               | end   |       |

### 1.3. Sample preparation

Whole amount of container was dissolved in 2mL of water (LCMS Grade). 100  $\mu$ L of sample was transferred to HPLC vial and diluted by 900  $\mu$ L water (LCMS Grade) and submitted for analysis.

### 1.4. Calibration curve

| Calibration curve detail     |                   |
|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Quantitative method          | External Standard |
| Calibration Type             | Linear            |
| Number of calibration points | 5                 |
| Force through Zero           | Enabled           |
| Weighting Method             | None              |



## 2. Purity assessment

### 2.1 Instrumentation

| Module            | Name                 | Serial Number |
|-------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| System Controller | Shimadzu CBM-40 Lite | L221226351398 |
| Degassing Unit    | Shimadzu DGU-403     | NA            |
| Pump              | Shimadzu LC-40B XR   | L22146350580  |
| Autosampler       | Shimadzu SIL-40C XR  | L22216351622  |
| Colum Thermostat  | Shimadzu CTO-40S     | L22236351602  |
| PDA Detector      | Shimadzu SPD-M40     | L22276352808  |
| SQ MS Detector    | Shimadzu LCMS-2050   | O12476200760  |

### 2.2 Chromatographic conditions

| Chromatographic conditions |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Eluent A                   | 0.05% TFA in Water (HPLC, Gradient Grade)          |
| Eluent B                   | 0.0425% TFA in Acetonitrile (HPLC, Gradient Grade) |
| Flow rate                  | 0.9 mL/min   |
| Program                    | Gradient elution                                   |
| Injection volume           | 2 µL   |
| Colum Temperature          | 55°C   |
| Column                     | Waters XSelect CSH C18, 100x2.1mm 2.5µm            |
| Detection wavelength       | 225nm  |

| Gradient Program |       |       |
|------------------|-------|-------|
| Time [min]       | A [%] | B [%] |
| 1.5              | 95    | 5     |
| 13               | 45    | 55    |
| 13.5             | 1     | 99    |
| 14.5             | 1     | 99    |
| 14.51            | 95    | 5     |
| 16               | end   |       |

### 2.3 Purity assesment

Purity of compound assesed by area normalization method, comparing area of each peak to sum of area of all peaks detected at wavelenght of 214 nm.

### 3. Identity Assessment

#### 3.1 Instrumentation

| Module            | Name                 | Serial Number |
|-------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| System Controller | Shimadzu CBM-40 Lite | L221226351398 |
| Degassing Unit    | Shimadzu DGU-403     | NA            |
| Pump              | Shimadzu LC-40B XR   | L22146350580  |
| Autosampler       | Shimadzu SIL-40C XR  | L22216351622  |
| Colum Thermostat  | Shimadzu CTO-40S     | L22236351602  |
| PDA Detector      | Shimadzu SPD-M40     | L22276352808  |
| SQ MS Detector    | Shimadzu LCMS-2050   | O12476200760  |

#### 3.2 Chromatographic conditions

| Chromatographic conditions |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Eluent A                   | 0.05% TFA in Water (HPLC, Gradient Grade)          |
| Eluent B                   | 0.0425% TFA in Acetonitrile (HPLC, Gradient Grade) |
| Flow rate                  | 0.9 mL/min   |
| Program                    | Gradient elution                                   |
| Injection volume           | 2 µL   |
| Colum Temperature          | 55°C   |
| Column                     | Waters XSelect CSH C18, 100x2.1mm 2.5µm            |
| Mass spectrometry          | Scan: positive 280-2000 Da                         |

| Gradient Program |       |       |
|------------------|-------|-------|
| Time [min]       | A [%] | B [%] |
| 1.5              | 95    | 5     |
| 13               | 45    | 55    |
| 13.5             | 1     | 99    |
| 14.5             | 1     | 99    |
| 14.51            | 95    | 5     |
| 16               | end   |       |

#### 3.3 Molecular Ion Mass evaluation

Molecular ion mass was determined by deconvolution of multiply charged ESI-MS spectra to calculate the average neutral (zero-charge) molecular mass by equation:

$$M(\text{neutral}) = (z_i((mz_i) - H)) - ME$$

Where:

$mz_i$  - Measured mass of charged particle

$z_i$  - charge

H - proton mass (1.0076 Da)

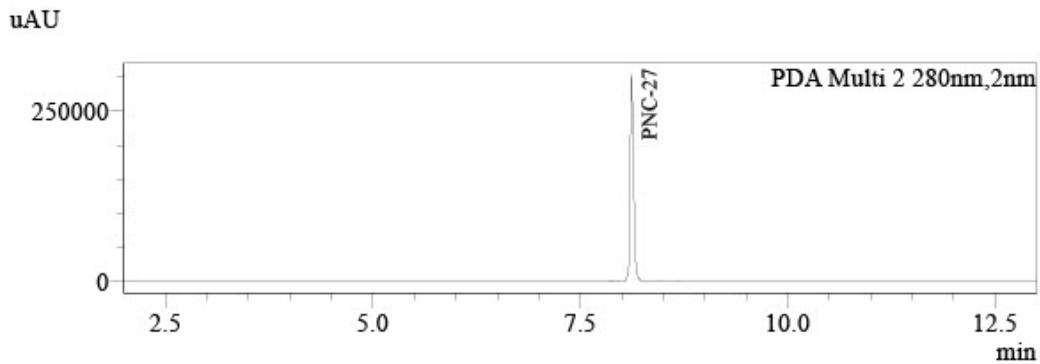
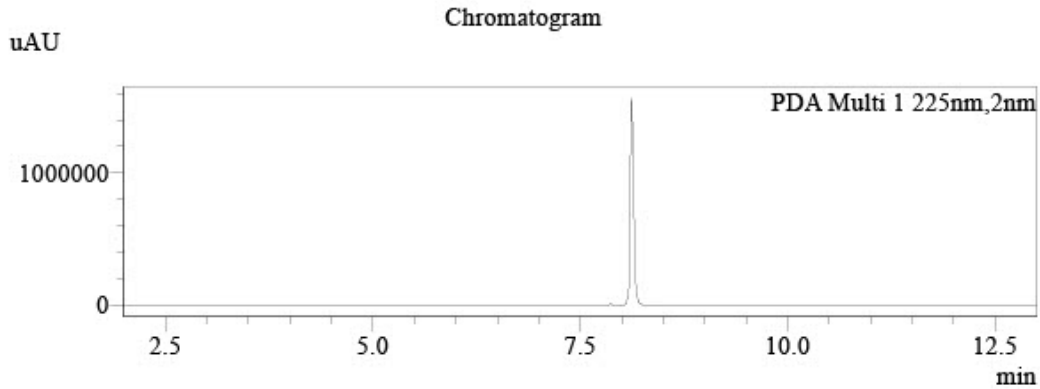
ME - mass error

# Analysis Report



## Analysis of quantity and purity of active ingredient by UHPLC with UV detection

Sample Information  
 Injection Volume : 2  
 Data File : LYO-0243\_019.lcd  
 Method File : Peptide screening\_V7\_Group E.lcm  
 Date Acquired : 6/19/2026 6:06:28 AM



Peak Table

PDA Ch1 225nm

| Name | Ret. Time | Area    | Conc. | Unit | Area%   |
|------|-----------|---------|-------|------|---------|
|      | 5.275     | 1074    | 0.000 |      | 0.023   |
|      | 7.605     | 702     | 0.000 |      | 0.015   |
|      | 7.865     | 20341   | 0.000 |      | 0.427   |
|      | 7.995     | 2054    | 0.000 |      | 0.043   |
|      | 8.118     | 4737439 | 0.000 |      | 99.408  |
|      | 8.322     | 366     | 0.000 |      | 0.008   |
|      | 8.406     | 173     | 0.000 |      | 0.004   |
|      | 8.501     | 1395    | 0.000 |      | 0.029   |
|      | 8.681     | 2129    | 0.000 |      | 0.045   |
|      |           | 4765673 |       |      | 100.000 |

Peak Table

PDA Ch2 280nm

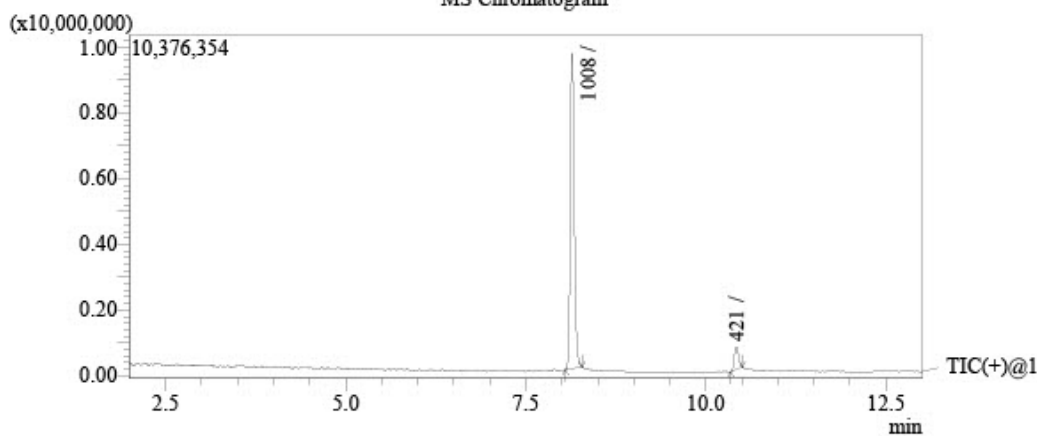
| Name   | Ret. Time | Area   | Conc.  | Unit |
|--------|-----------|--------|--------|------|
|        | 7.865     | 3895   | 0.000  |      |
| PNC-27 | 8.118     | 883505 | 32.297 | mg   |
|        |           | 887401 |        |      |

# Analysis Report



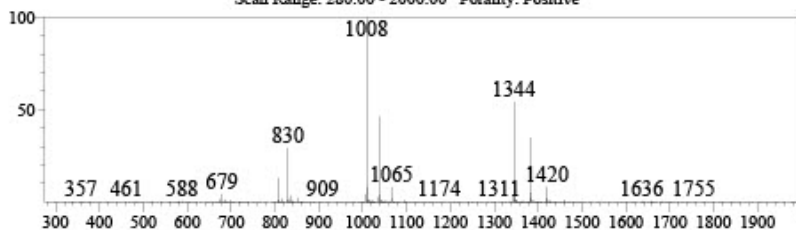
## Analysis of identity of active ingredient by UHPLC with mass spectrometric detection

MS Chromatogram

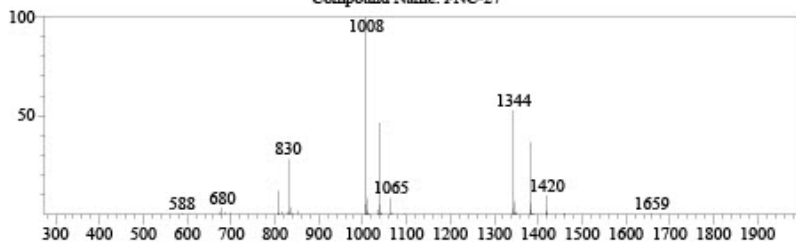



Library Search

Detected compound  
Ret. Time: 8.056 Base Peak: 1008  
Scan Range: 280.00 - 2000.00 Polarity: Positive



Reference  
Library: Peptide screening lib  
Formula: C188H293N53O44S CAS: 115986-00-3 Mol. Weight: 4031 Ret. Index: 0  
Compound Name: PNC-27



|   |                                 |                             |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  | <b>Method Specification</b>     |                             |
| <b>Determination of bacterial endotoxin content of lyophilized samples</b>        |                                 |                             |
| <i>Document number</i><br>ENDOTOX_0616_2026                                       | <i>Superseded document</i><br>- | <i>Number of pages</i><br>2 |

## 1. Chromgenic LAL Assay Determination of Bacterial Endotoxin content of sample

### 1.1. Instrumentation

- Pipette set 1-1000 µL
- Thermostatically controlled water bath
- UV VIS spectrometer ( Shimadzu UV-1601)
- GenScript ToxinSensor Chromgenic LAL Endotoxin Assay kit

### 1.2. Chemicals

- LAL Reagent water (endotoxin free)
- Limulus Amoebocyte Lysate
- LAL Substrate
- Color Stabilizer #1
- Color Stabilizer #2
- Color Stabilizer #3
- 35% HCl (p.a.)

### 1.3. Sample preparation

1. Sample container was weighed prior to dissolution and measured weight was marked.
2. Sample was completely dissolved in its container by 2 mL of LAL Reagent water.
3. 100 µL of the sample was aliquoted for analysis.
4. After analysis container was emptied and dried.
5. Dry mass of container was measured and exact weight of dissolved content was determined as:

$$m_{dc} = m_{sample} - m_{container}$$

### 1.4. Toxin sensor Chromgenic LAL Endotoxin Assay kit preparation

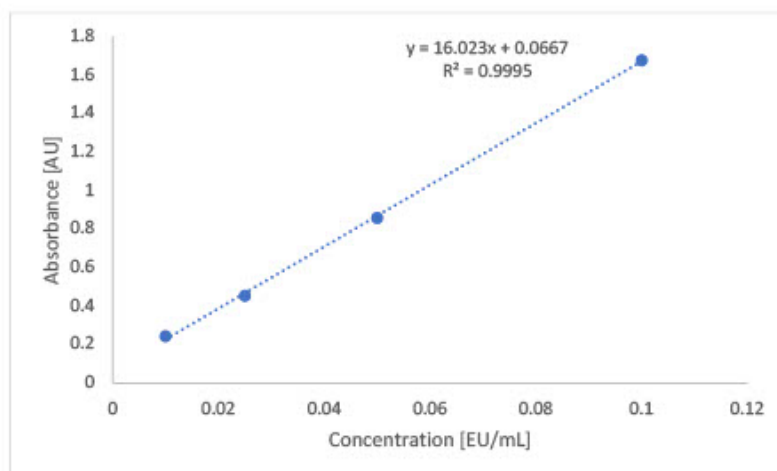
Procedures regarding preparation of reaction solutions possible to find in:

[https://www.genscript.com/site2/document/5292\\_20080806231827.PDF](https://www.genscript.com/site2/document/5292_20080806231827.PDF)

### 1.5. Measurement procedure

|   | Standards | Samples | Blank |
|---|-----------|---------|-------|
| Standards (mL)                            | 0.1       | -       | -     |
| Samples (mL)                              | -         | 0.1     | -     |
| LAL Reagent Water (mL)                    | -         | -       | 0.1   |
| LAL Solution (mL)                         | 0.1       | 0.1     | 0.1   |
| Mix well and incubate at 37°C for 27 min  |           |         |       |
| Substrate solution (mL)                   | 0.1       | 0.1     | 0.1   |
| Mix well and incubate at 37°C for 6 min   |           |         |       |
| Color Stabilizer #1 solution              | 0.5       | 0.5     | 0.5   |
| Color Stabilizer #2 solution              | 0.5       | 0.5     | 0.5   |
| Color Stabilizer #3 solution              | 0.5       | 0.5     | 0.5   |
| Mix well and read the absorbance at 545nm |           |         |       |

### 1.6. Calibration curve



### 1.7. Calculation of endotoxin content

Endotoxin content of the sample was calculated from the calibration curve as:


$$Endotox[EU/mg] = \frac{\left(\frac{ABS_{sample}}{S_{calib}}\right) * 20}{m_{sample}}$$

$ABS_{sample}$  = Measured absorbance of sample

$S_{calib}$  = Slope of calibration curve

$m_{sample}$  = real measured mass of sample

20 = dilution factor of measured sample

|   |                                 |                             |  |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
|  | <b>Method Specification</b>     |                             |  |
| <b>Determination of bioburden of lyophilized samples</b>                          |                                 |                             |  |
| <i>Document number</i><br>MIC_001_2025  | <i>Superseded document</i><br>- | <i>Number of pages</i><br>2 |  |

## 1. Instrumentation and chemicals

### 1.1. Instruments used

- Sterile Syringe 2mL Luer
- Sterile needles
- Ready made PCA Plate ROTI Aquatest
- Ready made Sab4 Plate ROTI Aquatest

### 1.2. Chemicals

Sterile physiological solution (0.9% NaCl)

## 2. Sample preparation and inoculation

### 2.1 Sample preparation

1. Fresh sterile needle and syringe was used for measuring exactly 2 mL of sterile physiological solution.
2. Needle was changed and by new needle rubber top of peptide container was penetrated and 2 mL of sterile physiological solution was dispensed.
3. Content of container was completely dissolved and left for 5 minutes to settle potentially created bubbles.
4. This procedure is repeated for two vials.

### 2.2 Total Aerobic microbial count inoculation and cultivation

1. By sterile needle 1 mL of solution was filled into the sterile syringe.
2. Needle was placed above the flame for few seconds to sterilize.
3. Consequently 1 mL of solution was poured into the ready to use sterile petri dish filled with PCA agar and petri dish was closed.
4. Proces was repeated for two petri dishes.
5. With sterile needle, 1 mL of sterile physiological solution was filled into the sterile needle and was inoculated onto one sterile petri dish filled with PCA agar as negative control sample.
6. Samples and negative control sample were placed in incubator at temperature 37°C for 120h.

### 2.3 Total Yeast and Mold count inoculation and cultivation

1. By sterile needle 1 mL of solution was filled into the sterile syringe.
2. Needle was placed above the flame for few seconds to sterilize.
3. Consequently 1 mL of solution was poured into the ready to use sterile petri dish filled with Sab4 agar and petri dish was closed.
4. Proces was repeated for two petri dishes.
5. With sterile needle, 1 mL of sterile physiological solution was filled into the sterile needle and was inoculated onto one sterile petri dish filled with Sab4 agar as negative control sample.
6. Samples and negative control sample were placed in incubator at temperature 25°C for 72h.

## 3. Evaluation of results

After incubation time, colonies are counted as cfu (colonies forming units) and result per 1g of sample is determined as:

$$CFU_{avg} = \frac{\sum CFU_n}{n}$$

$CFU_{avg}$  = average CFU counted from  $n$  inoculations

$CFU_n$  = CFU counted per inoculation

$n$  = number of inoculations

$$CFU \text{ per gram} = \frac{CFU_{avg}}{m_s} * DF$$

$CFU_{avg}$  = Average CFU counted from  $n$  inoculations

$m_s$  = mass of sample (mg)

$DF$  = Dilution factor

If negative control sample is evaluated as positive, process have to be repeated due to possible contamination in the process of inoculation or incubation.

## Responsibles



**Mr. Ján Galbavý**  
*CEO*

Analysis results relate only to the samples tested.

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